

10/100/1000Mbps, SGMII interface, Copper SFP with Spring Latch (HP Procurve Compatible)



Features

- Up to 1.25Gb/s bi-directional data links
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- Extended temperature range (0°C to +70°C)
- Metallic enclosure for low EMI
- Low power dissipation (1.05 W typical)
- Compact RJ-45 connector assembly
- Access to physical layer IC via 2-wire serial bus
- 10/100/1000Mbps compliant in host systems with SGMII interface

Applications

• 1.25 Gigabit Ethernet over Cat 5 cable

Description

Antaira's SFP-C-H Copper Small Form Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are a high performance, cost effective module compliant with the Gigabit Ethernet and 1000BASE-T standards as specified in IEEE 802.3-2002 and IEEE 802.3ab, which supports 1000Mbps data-rate up to 100 meters over unshielded twisted-pair category 5 cable. The module supports 1000 Mbps full duplex data-links with 5-level Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM) signals. All four pairs in the cable are used with a 250Mbps signal rate on each pair. The module provides standard serial ID information compliant with SFP MSA, which can be accessed by the address of A0h via the 2 wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol. The physical IC can also be accessed via 2 wire serial bus at address A0h.





Absolute Maximum Rating

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTES/CONDITION
Operating Temperature	T _{op}	0		70	°C	Case temperature
Storage Temperature	T _{sto}	-40		85	°C	Ambient temperature

General Specification

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT	NOTES/CONDITION
Data Rate	BR	10		1 000		IEEE 802.3 compatible.
Dala Rale	DN	10		1,000 Mb/sec		See Notes 2 through 4 below
Cable Length	L			100	m	Category 5 UTP. BER <10 ⁻¹²

Notes:

1. Clock tolerance is +/- 50 ppm

2. By default, the SFP-C is a full duplex device in preferred master mode

3. Automatic crossover detection is enabled. External crossover cable is not required

4. 1000 BASE-T operation requires the host system to have an SGMII interface with no clocks, and the module PHY to be configured.

+3.3V Volt Electrical Power Interface

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT	NOTES/CONDITION
						1.2W max power over full range of
Supply Current	ls		320	375	mA	voltage and temperature.
						See caution note below
Input Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	Referenced to GND
Maximum Voltage	Vmax			4	V	
Surge Current	1			00		Hot plug above steady state
Surge Current	lsurge			30	mA	current. See caution note below

Caution: Power consumption and surge current are higher than the specified values in the SFP MSA

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Low-Speed Signals (Electronic Characteristics)

MOD_DEF(1) (SCL) and MOD_DEF(2) (SDA), are open drain CMOS signals (see section VII, "Serial Communication Protocol"). Both MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2) must be pulled up to host_Vcc.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	МАХ	UNIT	NOTE/CONDITION
SFP Output LOW	VOL	0	0.5		4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc,
	VOL	0	0.5	V	measured at host side of connector
SFP Output HIGH	VOH	host Vcc - 0.5	host Vcc + 0.3	V	4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc,
	VОП		$10st_vcc + 0.3$	v	measured at host side of connector
SER Input I OW	VIL	0	0.8	V	4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc,
SFP Input LOW	VIL	0	0.8	v	measured at SFP side of connector
			V	4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc,	
SFP Input HIGH	VIH	2	Vcc + 0.3	v	measured at SFP side of connector

High-Speed Electrical Interface (Transmission line-SFP)

All high-speed signals are AC-coupled internally.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT	NOTES/CONDITION
Line Frequency	fL		125		MHz	5-level encoding, per IEEE 802.3
Tx Output Impedance		Ohm	Differential, for all Frequencies			
Tx Output Impedance	Zout,TX		100		Onm	between 1MHz and 125MHz
Dy Input Impodence	De land lange Zie DV (400		Ohm	Differential, for all Frequencies		
Rx Input Impedance	Zin,RX		100		Ohm	between 1MHz and 125MHz

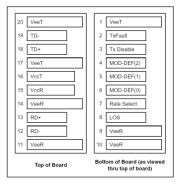
High-speed electrical interface (Host-SFP)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes/Condition
Single ended data input swing	Vinsing	250		1200	mV	Single ended
Single ended data output swing	Voutsing	350		800	mV	Single ended
Rise/Fall Time	Tr,Tf		175		psec	20%-80%
Tx Input Impedance	Zin		50		Ohm	Single ended
Rx Output Impedance	Zout		50		Ohm	Single ended





Pin Assignment



Pin Descriptions

PIN	SIGNAL NAME	DESCRIPTION	PLUG SEQ.	NOTE
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RX-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RX+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TX+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TX-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.





- TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 °C 10 K resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V):	Transmitter on
(>0.8, < 2.0V):	Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K to 10K resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR
 - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

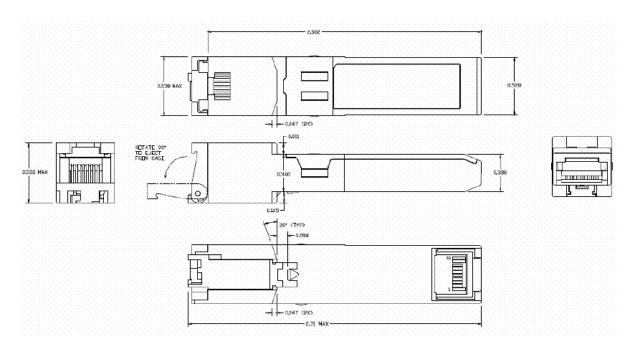
Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K to 10K resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.</p>
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100 (differential).
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module.





Dimensions (mm)







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